Nagasaki Global COE Young Investigators' International Symposium "Perspective of Radiation Research"



Program Date: February 7 and 8, 2009

Venue: Ryojun Matsumoto Hall, Nagasaki University School of Medicine

February 7, 2009

Welcome Address

9:00-9:05	Opening remarks
	Masao Tomonaga, Dean of Graduate School of Biomedical
	Sciences, Nagasaki University
9:05-9:10	Introduction of Nagasaki Global COE Young Investigators'
	International Symposium
	Motohiro Yamauchi, Leader of this Symposium

Session 1: Cellular and Molecular Response to Chromatin Perturbation

Chairs: Motohiro Yamauchi and Tomoo Ogi, Nagasaki University

9:10-9:45	ATM-p53 Axis Suppresses Propagation of Chromosome Translocation by Foci-Growth-Dependent G1 checkpoint.
	Motohiro Yamauchi, Nagasaki University, Japan
9:45-10:20	Alterations in the Chromatin Environment Following the Introduction of DNA Breaks Michael Kruhlak, NCI, NIH, United States of America
10:20-10:55	53BP1 Facilitates Heterochromatic DNA Double Strand Break Repair
	by Enabling Highly Localized KAP-1 Phosphorylation
	Aaron A. Goodarzi, University of Sussex, the United Kingdom
10:55-11:30	The Role of ATM and the Damage Response Mediator Proteins, 53BP1 and MDC1, in the Maintenance of G2/M Checkpoint Arrest
	Atsushi Shibata, University of Sussex, the United Kingdom
11:30-12:05	Defects in the ATR-dependent DNA Damage Response Pathway and Human Syndromes
	Mark O'Driscoll, University of Sussex, the United Kingdom
12:05-13:30	Group photo and lunch
Session 2: Ce	llular and Molecular Response to Ionizing Radiation
	Chairs: Keiji Suzuki, Nagasaki University
13:30-14:05	Protein Sialylation by Sialyltransferase (ST6Gal I) Involves Radiation Resistance
	Minyoung Lee, Korea Institute of Radiological and Medical

14:05-14:40 Low Dose Ionizing Radiation Responses in Knockdown ATM of Glioma Stem Cell *Yi Chieh Lim, Queensland Institute of Medical Research, Australia*

Sciences, Korea

14:40-15:15	Effect of Exposure to Low Doses of Carbon Heavy Ion Radiation on
	Human Peripheral Blood Lymphocytes
	Prarthana Srikanth, National University of Singapore,
	Singapore

15:15-15:30 Coffee Break

Session 3: Radiation and Microenvironment

Chairs: Ohki Saitoh and Masatoshi Suzuki, Nagasaki University

- 15:30-15:50 A Possible Role of Stress-Induced Premature Senescence (SIPS) as a Producer of the Stress-Resistant Microenvironment Masatoshi Suzuki, Nagasaki University, Japan
- 15:50-16:25Role of Nuclear EGFR During Cellular Radiation ResponseKlaus Dittmann, University of Tuebingen, Germany
- 16:25-17:00 Persistent Phenotypic Responses of Human Mammary Epithelial Cells Induced by Ionizing Radiation
 Kumari Andarawewa, University of Virginia, United States of America
- 17:00-17:20 Effect of Ionizing Radiation on Fibroblast-Mediated Growth Promotion of Thyroid Carcinoma Cells

Ohki Saitoh, Nagasaki University, Japan

- 17:20-17:55 The Study of Radiation Induced Bystander Effect *In Vivo* Using Gpt Delta Transgenic Mouse Model *Yunfei Chai, Columbia University, United States of America*
- 17:55-18:00 Closing remarks Motohiro Yamauchi, Leader of this Symposium
 18:30-20:30 Reception at Nagasaki Park Side Hotel

February 8, 2009

- 9:00-11:30 Further discussion on future direction and strategy of radiation research
- 12:00-13:00 Luncheon discussion at Horaiken Annex